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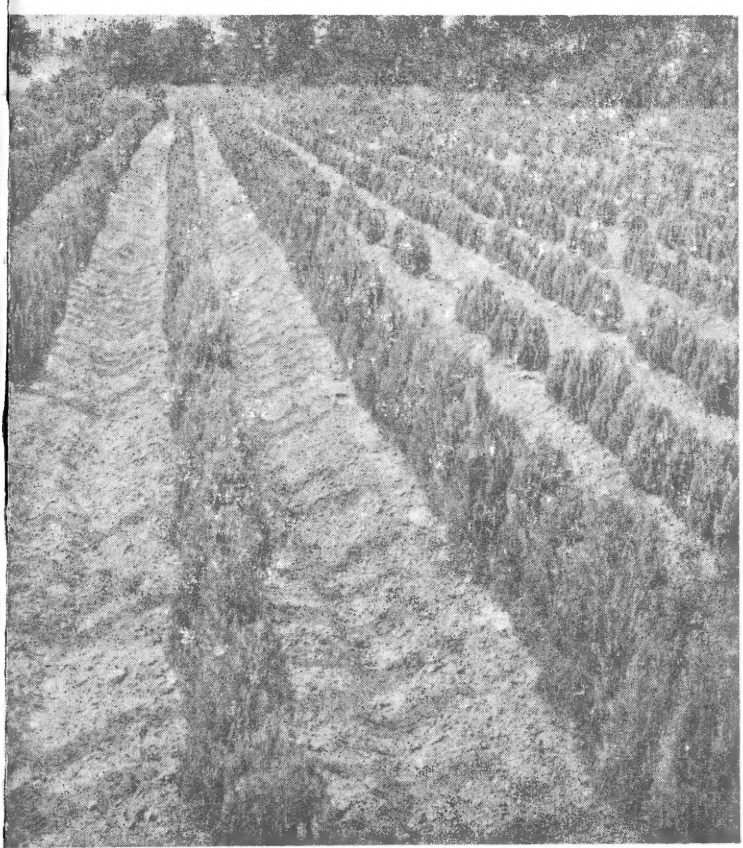
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Baker

NURSERIES

Established
1918

HIGGINSON, ARKANSAS



READY FOR TRANSPLANTING

Why You Will Profit By Buying Our Stock

The Baker Nurseries, with this catalogue is going into its 31st year, having began in 1918 in a very small way, using about one acre of land. Today it has more than 1,000 acres of land, with over 200 devoted to the growing of all kinds of field grown trees and plants, growing annually hundreds of thousands of fruit trees, fruit vines, strawberry plants, evergreens, shrubs, hedge plants, and shade trees.

We are not making a specialty of growing a few sorts, such as apples, peaches, and cherries, but have a general nursery; thereby enabling the purchaser to select from a complete assortment of fruit, deciduous, and evergreen trees, flowering shrubs, vines, roses, bulbs, etc., that are of superior quality and at less cost than the same stock secured from many other nurseries.

We have been in the nursery business for many years, thereby attaining a complete knowledge of what varieties are giving the best satisfaction in our trade territory; also the best mode of propagation and growing stock, and of handling and caring for it when transplanting.

Our location is in the center of a great fruit producing country. New sorts are continually being tested, and either placed on the list as being worthy or discarded, thus enabling us to obtain the very best approved varieties. Time has proven that our nursery stock transplants and thrives in all sections of our country.

We are located at the foot of the Ozark hills, in the heart of the famous White County, Arkansas, strawberry district; on the Missouri Pacific and C. R. I. & P. Railway Systems, two of the largest in the country. This makes our railroad facilities for quick transportation of perishable goods one of the best. We are on U. S. Highways 67 and 64 and Arkansas Highway No. 11. All good roads by which you can easily reach our place at any time. You are cordially invited to visit our nursery and inspect our trees and plants before you buy.

To our many customers, whom we have served through these many years, we want to thank you for the business given us, and offer you in this catalogue greater values in nursery stock than we have offered before. Although we offer you the same proven quality of trees and plants, the prices have not been raised; notwithstanding the increase in cost of production and higher prices on all other commodities. All of these trees and plants are State Inspected and attached to your order will be a copy of the inspection certificate from our State Plant Board. We are sure these plants will please you in every way.

We want you to go through this book, expecting to find values that you know are worth more money than we are asking, and that the difference in prices between ours and others, who are offering equal quality, is our gift to you. You, who have dealt with us from year to year, will be quick to see how much more you are being offered in this book, than the usual run of prices this season. We want you to buy now, all of the trees and plants you can profitably use, because we seriously doubt if good nursery stock can again be purchased at these low prices. Don't wait another year to plant your home orchard or landscape your grounds, for no other dollar you can spend will add so much to the worth of your property, nor so much to your income.

PLEASE READ BEFORE YOU ORDER

In preparing this catalogue, it is our desire and aim to make the descriptions and time of ripening, etc., as accurate and intelligible as possible, and, in so doing, lend assistance to those desiring to make a selection, so as to obtain varieties suited to their locality, and also that a succession of ripening from the earliest to the latest may be obtained.

SUBSTITUTION.—When particular varieties are ordered, state if substitution is allowed and to what extent, in case the order cannot be filled as ordered, as sometimes is the case in all nurseries. When no instructions are given, we will use our best judgment so as to render the best satisfaction to the customer.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS.—Give explicit directions for marking and shipping stock. In case no directions are given, we will ship the most direct route by express. In all cases, the shipment will be at the risk of the purchaser, and, if delay or loss occurs in transit, the forwarders alone must be held responsible.

Orders may be accompanied with a check, draft, post-office, or express money order for the amount. If neither can be obtained, enclose currency in registered letter with order, or if C. O. D. wanted, send 25 per cent cash with order and other will be sent C. O. D. and to enable you to get your order out early, send it in now.

ERRORS.—Customers are requested to send notice at once of any error that may be made in filing their orders, so that it may be rectified and explained.

ARTICLES BY MAIL.—Packages of small articles can be sent by mail, for the convenience of those who cannot be reached by railroad or express.

THE SHIPPING SEASON.—There can be no definite time specified for beginning to ship, either in the spring or fall. That is regulated by the opening of the season—early or late—and by the ripening of the stock in the fall. It is therefore better that orders be sent in early so the stock can be shipped or delivered at the proper season in good condition.

We replace all stock that die first year at half price, if customer has taken reasonable care of it.

Further, it is mutually understood by purchaser that no salesman has the authority to change terms or replacement other than herein given, and for replacement on terms listed, the customer is to notify the Company at Higginson, Arkansas, by letter, giving such information as they may request from time to time, and that the replacement cost is to be paid in advance of shipment, all replacements to be f. o. b. Nursery, Higginson, Arkansas, in season following agreement on goods to be replaced.

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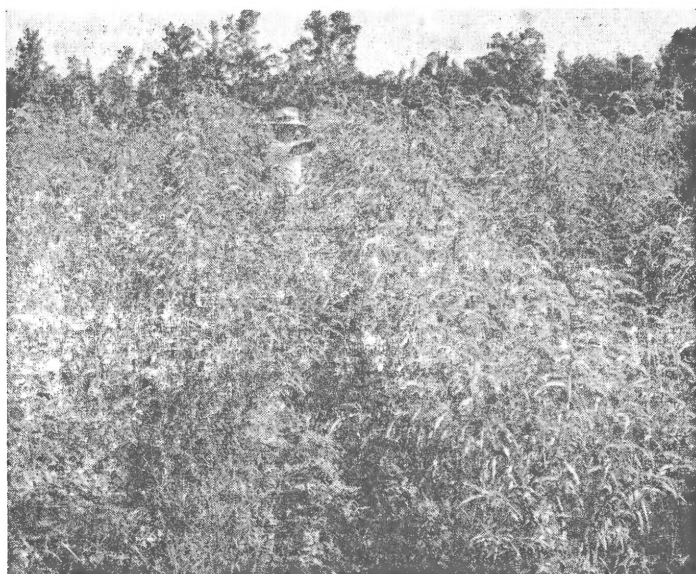
GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS

While the greatest diligence and care to have all trees, etc., true to label, will be expressed, mistakes may occur, and in such cases, upon proper proof, the trees, etc., will be replaced free of charge, or the amount paid refunded; the method is to be at our option, replacement of goods or refund amount paid for them, but it is mutually understood and agreed to between the purchaser and ourselves that the guarantee of genuineness shall in no case make us liable for any sum greater than that originally paid for the trees, shrubs, roses, seed, plants, etc., that prove untrue.

Fruit Trees

Choice Peach Trees

THRIFTY - HEALTHY - THEY GROW



2-Year-Old Peach Trees

Peaches are about the most popular and delicious fruit we have. Arkansas grown Peach trees are in demand everywhere. Now is the time to set out new orchards and in three to four years you will have a full crop of Peaches. There will be a big demand for Peach trees this year; get your order in early so you will not be disappointed. We list only those varieties that have a ready sale on the market.

MAYFLOWER.—A “Red allover” peach; handsome, and of splendid quality. Fine for home orchards and finds ready sale on the market. Not so good for commercial orchards as Early Wheeler, but should be in every home orchard. Ripens in May; semi-cling.

EARLY WHEELER.—The most profitable peach grown for commercial purposes. The fruit is large, very handsome, a clear cream overspread with crimson; cling; ripens in June.

RED BIRD.—A fine early peach; bright, glowing red. Flesh juicy, firm and most delicious peach flavor imaginable. Tree hardy and vigorous. Ripens in June.

GOLDEN JUBILEE.—A high quality early freestone peach, a typical Elberta type fruit, highly colored ripening about four weeks before the regular Elberta, a second generation seedling of the Elberta crossed with the Greensboro, the tree is unusually hardy, the buds will resist winter freezes well, and open after Elberta, which will insure a regular crop, the blossom self fertile, the peach is a medium to large size and firm. It has proven a good shipper. The Golden Jubilee stands without an equal as an early yellow, freestone peach.

MURRAYS BEAUTY.—A high quality peach, early ripening, just after the Early Wheeler—Red Bird peach, tree very hardy, buds will resist winter freezes better than Elberta, Early Wheeler and others, a good shipper, fruit medium to large yellow semi-cling, try some of them and they will please you. Murrays will make a crop when other varieties fail.

ARP BEAUTY.—Yellow, with bright blush; a firm, juicy, and excellent Peach of unusually good flavor; free-stone; ripens the last of June, early July.

MAMIE ROSS.—One of the most widely planted of the white peaches in the South. It is extremely hardy and very productive. Semi-cling; ripens ten days before Elberta. Cream-colored, often marked with red. Skin tough, though rather thin; ships well if picked before full ripe. Flesh white; tinged with red near the seed. Tender, juicy, sweet, and of good quality.

HILEY.—Freestone-White, a large white peach, with beautiful red cheek, flesh is juicy, tender; a good shipper, when properly handled, should be in every orchard.

BELLE OF GEORGIA.—The best white peach for home and commercial planting. Ripens a week before Elberta. This is the famous Belle of Georgia; free-stone; of splendid quality; very large; showy.

ELBERTA.—The most widely known of all peaches. Very attractive in appearance; large size; deep yellow, splashed crimson; perfect freestone; ripens in midsummer. Can be grown profitably in the North, South, East and West. Tree very vigorous and highly productive.

CHAMPION.—Freestone; white with red cheek. Large size; juicy, sweet and delicious. Bears young and the tree is very vigorous. July and August.

ROCHESTER.—A yellow freestone variety, ripening about August. Fruit is large, yellow, sweet, juicy and of delicious flavor; keeping and shipping well.

J. H. HALE.—It averages one-third larger than Elberta, ripens about five days earlier. Color a beautiful golden-yellow. Freestone.

CHINESE CLING.—Oblong; creamy, occasionally tinged red; juicy; ripe in July and August. Well known, popular, good for home orchards and nearby markets.

ELBERTA CLING.—Like Elberta, except that it is a cling. It is a seedling of Elberta, large yellow, round with a bright red cheek. Good for eating and especially fine for pickling, canning and preserving.

INDIAN CLING.—Fruit large, dark brown with deep and red veins, downy; flesh dark red, juicy, and of rich flavor; an old standard sort; cling. August.

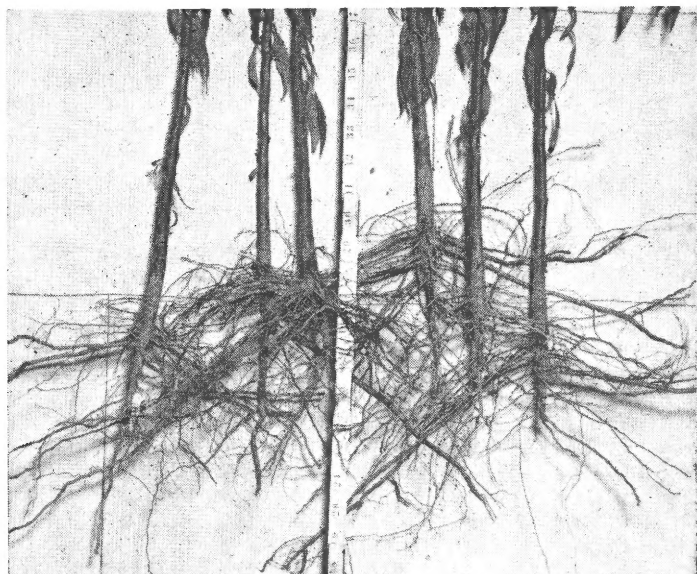
RED HAVEN.—A good peach, brilliant red and beautiful yellow skin is smooth, almost fuzzless, resembling J. H. Hale in color, skin and flesh very firm and fruit ripens uniformly. Tree is very vigorous with heavy bud set and bears young. You will be pleased with this early peach.

**WE HAVE A LIMITED SUPPLY OF SULLIVAN
ELBERTA, DIXIE GEM, AND SOUTHLAND.
ALL ARE GOOD COMMERCIAL VARIETIES.**

Prices on all Peach Trees

TWO-YEAR-OLD TREES

	Each	10	100	1,000
1-2 ft.	\$.35	\$ 3.00	\$ 25.00	\$230.00
2-3 ft. ....	.50	4.50	35.00	300.00
3-4 ft. ....	.65	6.00	50.00	450.00
4-5 ft.	1.00	9.00	75.00	
5-6 ft.	1.25	11.00	100.00	



Root System That Will Produce Hardy, Fast Growing Trees

ONE-YEAR-OLD JUNE BUD PEACH TREES

Buy 100 or more of these peach trees listed here. You will find them to be clean stock, State Inspected, that will please you in every way; whole root budded trees, all of a good commercial grade of the \$10.00 per 100 trees. They will be nice, clean little trees, about one foot high, with good cultivation will come into quantity bearing the third year from planting or just as soon as the larger ones will, but to get them in when planting will take just a little more personal attention per tree. Of course the \$18.00 per hundred trees are larger and so are the \$22.50 per hundred ones. All are good stock, and will please you. Order now while you can get them at this price.

	100	1,000
About 1 foot high	\$10.00	\$100.00
12-18 inches	18.00	170.00
18-24 inches	22.50	200.00
2-3 ft.	32.50	300.00
3-4 ft.	40.00	350.00

PLUMS

(WHOLE ROOTS)

➤ **DAMSON.**—A medium sized, dark purple variety which is very productive; esteemed for preserving and good for eating out of hand. Ripens late August to early September.

➤ **ABUNDANCE.**—One of the most dependable of the plums. Bears year in and year out. Large size; cherry red; firm and sweet; carries well. Middle of June.

➤ **BURBANK.**—Extremely popular in all sections. Richly colored red mottled and dotted with yellow; a very heavy bearer. Ripe in July.

➤ **GOLD.**—An old favorite. Medium size; gilden yellow when ripe; quality good. Very heavy bearer; ripens late.

➤ **RED JUNE.**—One of the most popular of the early plums. A dark color, showy and attractive; excellent quality. Tree hardy and a sure bearer.

➤ **WICKSON.**—Large, heart-shaped; bright red, with heavy blooms; flesh yellow, melting, and good. Tree an upright, vigorous grower. July.

SAPA.—Skin green, then turns black and the flesh is royal purple. Delicious as a fresh fruit and excellent for preserves and jelly. Good shipper. Mid-season.

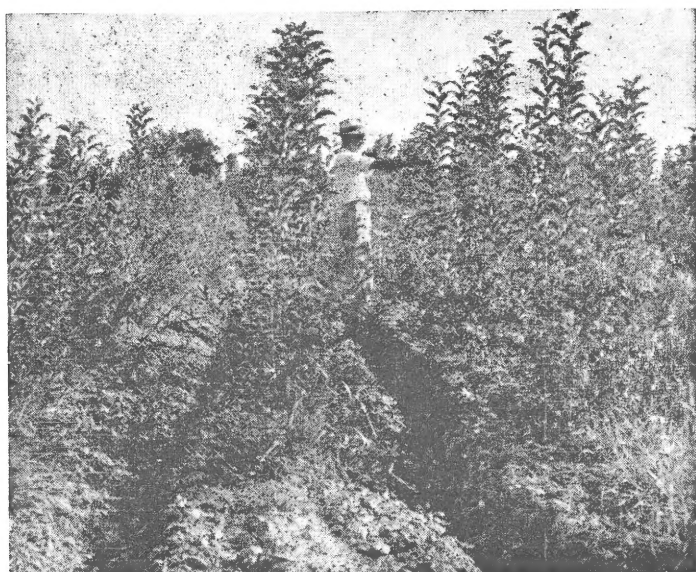


1-Year Peach and Plum

	Each	10	100
1-2 ft.	\$.50	\$4.50	\$40.00
2-3 ft. ....	.75	6.50	50.00
3-4 ft.	1.00	8.50	75.00
4-5 ft.	1.25	10.00	90.00
5-6 ft.	1.50	12.50	100.00

APPLES

What tastes better than fruit picked from your own trees? The fruit grower with a large commercial orchard should grow apples; the farmer in his home orchard should have apples; the owner of the small lot or suburban property should have a few apple trees in his yard. There is a ready market for all the surplus fruits a grower has. Our small town markets are never fully supplied with apples.



Thrifty 2-Year Apple Trees That Will Bear Fruit Quick

RED JUNE.—One of the best early apples for table and market. Medium, deep red, flesh white, crisp, excellent. June.

DELICIOUS (Red).—A remarkable variety taking first rank both for commercial and home orchards. Fruits large, neatly covered with brilliant dark red; flesh fine grained, crisp, and melting; juicy, with a delightful aroma; of very highest quality. A splendid shipper, bearing annually.

DELICIOUS YELLOW.—A very remarkable apple, it is agreed by many, by far the best apple of the two delicious varieties. You will find the trees to grow off better, more quickly coming into bearing. Within a very short time it will be producing a crop of beautiful yellow apples, that will bring good prices on the market and you will be pleased with them in every way. Don't fail to plant heavily of our Yellow Delicious.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT.—Widely known and well liked; large size; transparent yellow. Quality good; crisp, sub-acid, and very fragrant; an excellent cooker; fruit tender and requires careful handling. Tree bears young and is of rather dwarfish growth; is extremely hardy. June.

EARLY HARVEST.—Medium, bright straw color; tender, sub-acid; fine dessert and cooking apple. Must be handled very carefully for market. June.

RED ASTRACHAN.—Medium, flat; deep crimson, occasionally greenish yellow in the shade; flesh white, moderately juicy; flavor quite acid, rich; very productive. July.

MAIDEN BLUSH.—Large, beautiful, blush cheek. Summer.

HORSE.—A popular Southern apple; large, oblong; yellow; fine for cooking and drying. July.

TOLMAN.—Medium, yellow and red, rich, sweet. The most valuable apple for baking, and otherwise fine. Summer.

RED BIRD.—A new apple, and is very highly recommended, we have a few hundred of them for the coming season, summer ripening. You will be pleased with them.

GANO.—Large, roundish, oblong, very similar in every respect to Ben Davis, but of a rich red color. Largely planted in commercial orchards in the Southwest. September.

GRIMES.—A golden yellow apple that is an old favorite over the United States on account of its beauty and size. The tree is very productive and long lived; a splendid variety for commercial planting as well as for home orchards. September.

WEALTHY.—Medium size, smooth, round, deep red; handsome and of fine quality. October to November.

ARKANSAS BLACK.—Dark red, almost black; medium to large size; of very attractive appearance, one of the best. September to October.

BEN DAVIS.—The well-known standard variety. Medium to large; yellowish covered with red; flesh white; tree vigorous and productive, carrying its fruit well through the warm, dry summers of the Southwest. Ben Davis Apples grown in the Southwest, particularly in Texas are much superior to those grown further north. September.

JONATHAN.—One of the surest varieties; it never disappoints. A brilliant red, with spicy flavor; a favorite with all lovers of juicy, acid apples. Highly profitable for markets and a splendid variety for the home orchard. Ripe in September. Bears young and is very prolific. If you have room for only one apple tree, Jonathan is the one you want.

GOLDEN WINESAP.—A fine new yellow apple, but will do well any place the old time Winesap is grown; The fruit is some larger than old Winesap, good keeper and should be widely planted.

NORTHERN SPY.—A well-known winter sort. A most delicious eating apple. Color yellow, striped with red. Tree hardy and productive. Fall.

DUCHESS (Red).—Of the same strain old time Duchess, but will ripen up, and have beautiful red color, that is pleasing and will make a ready saleable fruit; will keep well and easy to handle. Every home and commercial orchard should plant them.

STAYMAN WINESAP.—The largest of the Winesap family. It resembles the Winesap in color, being striped and splashed with dark crimson, although the color is not quite so brilliant. It is larger in size than the old Winesap and of better quality. For table use, Stayman Winesap is one of the best apples grown. Late fall.

WINESAP.—One of the oldest of American apples and still increasing in favor. Its size, color, and particularly its quality, have given it the well-deserved popularity it has enjoyed. It is of medium size vivid red, with a highly satisfying flavor. It is one of the best keepers of all the apples. It is an all-purpose apple and a good one. September.

MISSOURI PIPPIN.—Large; mostly red; good quality; an early bearer; good keeper; fall.

YORK IMPERIAL.—An attractive red apple with faint stripes of darker red; good quality, crisp, firm, and of fine texture. The tree is long lived and bears freely and regularly. Succeeds well in the Southwest. York Imperial is an excellent apple for the commercial trade because of its good shipping and keeping qualities. We have an excellent stock. September and October.

MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG.—Large; yellow, shaded red; flesh pale yellow, tender, juicy, mildly subacid, rich; tree vigorous and very productive when at full bearing age. A seedling of Winesap, succeeding over a wide range. September to November.

ROME BEAUTY.—Large, yellow, shaded red; tender, juicy, sub-acid. A leader in Ohio District. Fall.

JONATHAN (Double Red.)—A new type of the old time Jonathan apple, having all of the good part of the old time one, trees very much alike, in growth habits, and all with the deep double red added to all its good qualities, is the description that has been passed on to us.



1-Year Apple
3 to 4 foot Grade — 90 Days After Planting

Apple Tree Prices

TWO-YEAR WHIPS AND BRANCHED

	Each	10	100
2-3 ft.	\$.50	\$4.50	\$42.50
3-4 ft. ....	.65	6.00	55.00
4-5 ft.	1.00	9.50	85.00
5-6 ft.	1.25	11.50	100.00

ONE-YEAR-OLD, WHIPS ONLY

	50	100
18-24 inches	\$ 9.00	\$15.00
2-3 ft.	15.00	25.00
3-4 ft.	22.50	40.00
4-5 ft.	30.00	50.00

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CRAB APPLES

TRANSCENDENT.—Fine for canning, preserving, and pickling. Fruit medium large, golden yellow, rich crimson cheek, specked with white spots. Noted for its fine flavor when ripe. September and October.

WITNEY.—Fairly large sized fruit. Fine eating or for cider; skin smooth, glossy green striped, splashed with carmine; firm, juicy, and sweet; a heavy bearer and very popular crab. September and October.

HYSLOP.—Large size, dark red; in clusters; very acid. August.

	Each	10
2-3 ft.	\$.50	\$4.50
3-4 ft.65	6.00
4-5 ft.	1.00	9.50
5-6 ft.	1.25	11.50

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APRICOTS

EARLY MAY.—Medium to small, light orange, yellow, flecked with red; flesh tender, juicy, sweet, and of good quality; productive.

MOORPARK.—Large, yellowish green with brownish red on sunny side, marked with dark specks; flesh bright orange; separates readily from seed. Grown largely for commercial purposes especially for canning and drying. Tree vigorous and prolific.

ROYAL.—An European variety; large, slightly oval; dull yellow with red next to sun; flesh orange, with rich flavor. An important commercial variety, producing fruit freely, and of a quality that appeals to the buyer of high-grade stock.

	Each	10	100
2-3 ft.	\$1.00	\$9.00	\$80.00
3-4 ft.	1.25	11.00	100.00
4-5 ft.	1.50	14.00	135.00

PEARS

KEIFER.—The best known of all pears. Very large; yellow; successful everywhere. Should be gathered when mature and allowed to ripen in storage. Tree very vigorous, resisting blight; ornamental, and immensely productive. Garber should be planted with Keifer to insure best pollenizing. August to September.

GARBER.—Should be planted in the South where other pears will not grow, especially in connection with the Keifer. The Garber is a large yellow pear with red cheek. It keeps remarkably well and is a splendid shipping pear. August.

BARTLETT.—Large, buttery, juicy, highly flavored, great bearer; very popular. August and September.

LE CONTE.—Medium, bell-shaped, smooth; creamy yellow with slight blush; fresh crisp, sweet and juicy. Tree a rapid grower and a young and prolific bearer, but more subject to blight than most varieties. Ripe in July.

DOUGLAS.—Medium size, smooth, golden yellow with slightly rusty cheek; flesh tender, mellow when fully ripe, juicy and rich. It is considered the equal of Bartlett which has always been considered the peer of quality. The tree bears quite young, often fruiting the first year after planting, and is highly resistant to blight.

MAGNOLIA.—A beautiful yellow russet pear; globular; large and showy. Fine for canning, preserving, and when fully ripe for eating. A young and abundant bearer. August and September.



2-Year Pear
Heavy Caliper and Well Branched

	Each	10	100
2-3 ft.	\$1.00	\$9.00	\$75.00
3-4 ft.	1.25	11.00	90.00
4-5 ft.	1.50	14.00	100.00
5-6 ft.	1.65	15.00	125.00

CHERRIES

EARLY RICHMOND.—Medium size, clear red, and quite acid. Ripens May and June.

ENGLISH MORELO.—Very dark sour cherry; latest to ripen. One of the best cooking cherries. Dwarfish-growing tree. Especially good for garden planting.

MONTMORENCY ORDINAIRE.—Large, red, acid, exceedingly productive. Late June.

DYEHOUSE.—A sure bearer, largely planted for early markets; ripening a week before Early Richmond, which it closely resembles. June.

Sweet Cherries

BLACK TARTARIAN.—Large; black; heart-shaped; very juicy and sweet.

BING.—Very large, dark brown, almost black; flesh firm, sweet rich, and delicious. One of the most profitable sorts. July.

GOVERNOR WOOD.—Large, round, dark, heart-shaped, yellow, mottled with red; flesh sweet, juicy, and delicious. Fruit hangs well on tree. June.

	Each	10	100
1-2 ft.	\$.75	\$7.00	\$65.00
2-3 ft.	1.00	9.50	90.00
3-4 ft.	1.50	14.00	130.00
4-5 ft.	2.00	19.00	180.00

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FIGS

MAGNOLIA.—Large, purple violet of the Adriatic class; flavor excellent; bears on one-year stem. Largely grown in commercial orchards.

BROWN TURKEY.—Adriatic. Medium; violet brown; sweet and good. Has the habit of bearing on the new shoots, even in the nursery row.

CELESTIAL.—Makes large trees; hardy farther north than most other varieties. Small, pale-violet fruit, fine flavored, very early, commencing to ripen in June and continuing two months.

BRUNSWICK.—Large; irregular; light violet; quality excellent. Very reliable and prolific.

	Each	10	100
1-2 ft.	\$.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
2-3 ft.65	6.00	50.00
3-4 ft.75	7.00	65.00

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MULBERRIES

DOWNING.—Large, rich, subacid. Ripe in June and July.

HICK'S EVERBEARING.—In fruit for several months, ripening in June, July, and August. Very prolific; fruit large, black and sweet. Does well all over the South.

	Each	10
3-4 ft.	\$1.00	\$9.00
4-5 ft.	1.25	10.00

PERSIMMONS, JAPANESE

TANE-NASHI.—Very large; light yellow changing to bright red; flesh yellow; seedless; very fine when fully ripe. November.

YEMON.—Large; flat; tomato-shaped; prolific. Late October.

	Each	10
2-3 ft.	\$1.00	\$8.50
3-4 ft.	1.25	11.00
4-5 ft.	1.50	14.00

ARKANSAS NATIVE.—Very prolific grower, hardy any place; tree 10 to 15 feet when grown, producing a heavy crop of fruit each season; medium size, very good, you will be pleased with them.

	Each	10
2-3 ft.	\$.75	\$6.50
3-4 ft. ....	.85	8.00
4-5 ft.	1.00	9.00

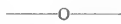


QUINCE

ORANGE.—Large, roundish, yellow; cooks tender and is of excellent flavor. Valuable for preserves and flavoring. Productive. September and October.

CHAMPION.—Fruit large, fair and handsome. Tree bears abundantly while young. Flesh cooks as tender as an apple without hard spots or cores, flavor delicate. The most valuable of all.

	Each	10
2-3 ft.	\$1.00	\$9.00
3-4 ft.	1.25	11.00
4-5 ft.	1.50	14.00



WHEN YOU ARE IN THE MARKET FOR LARGER QUANTITY OF TREES AND PLANTS THAN ARE LISTED, WRITE US FOR SPECIAL QUOTATIONS. WE CAN MAKE YOU VERY ATTRACTIVE PRICES.



GARDEN ROOTS

ASPARAGUS.—We offer varieties that are successful in the Southwest.

HORSERADISH.

RHUBARB.—Valuable for the back yard of the city dweller or for the garden of country folks. Rhubarb will grow anywhere in any temperate zone. Makes delicious pies and sauces.

	Each	10	100
One-year-old	\$.30	\$2.50	\$16.00
Two-year-old .....	.35	2.75	20.00

Pecans

Why We Recommend Budded and Grafted
Pecan Trees Exclusively

No planted pecan nut will reproduce the parent tree in all respects. You might plant the largest pecan nut in the world and when it came to bear the nuts would be the smallest you ever saw. There is a reason, and it is this: Budded and grafted trees have been improved only in recent years and the tendency in pecans, as in other things, is to breed back to the way they were produced for the longest period of time.

In all sections of the South pecan trees are making records as to regular bearing. Many have planted them in actual tests and in all cases the trees have come into bearing early, borne bigger and finer pecans and more of them. Thousands of young pecan trees actually bloom and bear in the nursery row — trees often not as high as your head.

A Substantial Life Income

And a handsome inheritance for life for those who are dearest to you. Think what it means to be independent, to be able to look into the future without fear of old age, failing health, accident, increasing family responsibilities, money panics, uncongenial employment troubles which overtake 95 people of every 100. Can you afford to put it off another year?

Plant your pecan orchard now.

TEXAS PROLIFIC.—Large, rather long; thin shell, fine kernel; bears young, heavy and sure bearer.

SUCCESS.—A fine nut of oblong shape, tree making a fine upright growth; a regular producer; you will be pleased with it.

MONEY MAKER.—A very popular nut and planted largely by all planters, the tree is a vigorous grower; nuts of good size; paper shell nuts.

BURKETT.—Large, almost round, shell thin; flavor excellent; one of the best. Bears young and every year; fine.

SCHLEY.—Medium long; pointed, shell thin, meat plump, full, separating easily; quality best.

STUART.—Introduced by the late W. R. Stewart, of Ocean Springs, Mississippi. A standard among the high class pecan for commercial orchards. Nuts large, well shaped, and of fine appearance; reasonably thin shell; well flavored. The best pecan for either commercial or home growing.

	Each	10	100
1-2 ft.	\$2.00	\$19.00	\$175.00
2-3 ft.	2.50	22.50	225.00
3-4 ft.	3.00	29.00	275.00
4-5 ft.	4.00	35.00	325.00
5-6 ft.	4.50	42.50	

ORDER BLANK

Date _____

Street Address or P. O. Box Number _____

Ship Via _____

NOTICE:—All shipments F. O. B. Higginson, Arkansas. If shipments are wanted via Parcel Post, add the following amounts for postage and extra handling: 15% on orders to \$2.50; 10% on orders, \$2.50 to \$7.50; 5% on orders from \$7.50 up

Postage

Arkansas Customers:— 2% Sales Tax**Total**

Signature of Customer _____

Grapes

Grapes are wonderfully successful when planted for commercial purposes and there is no fruit more satisfactory for home use. By chemical analysis good ripe grapes have been found to supply a greater percentage of sugar and muscle-building material per pound than any other fruit. Home-made grape juice, jelly, and preserves can be made from just a few vines in the back yard, if you have no space to grow grapes in quantities for the market.

BRILLIANT.—A very strong grower; endures all climates well. Clusters large, often shouldered, open to compact. Berries large, light to dark red, translucent with a thin bloom, and very handsome; skin thin, rather tender, but seldom cracks; pulp meaty, yet tender, melting and delicious, having taste of Delaware. Ripe in midseason.

CAMPBELL EARLY.—Clusters very large with large shoulders; berry black; of somewhat less pulp and better quality than Concord; a very showy, saleable grape of the Concord type. Ripe with Moore Early.

CARMEN.—One of the most profitable and popular varieties; splendid as a table grape as well as for grape juice, preserves and jelly. Cluster, very large, sometimes weighing two pounds; shouldered; very compact. Berries medium size, black with thin bloom, skin tough and thin; never cracks; pulp meaty; firm but tender when fully ripe; of splendid quality — far superior to Concord. Ripe in July.

IVES.—Bunch and berry medium in size; dark purple color; very acid until fully ripe; a good ordinary variety. Midseason.

DELAWARE.—Small, clear red, and of the very finest flavor; a standard of excellence for table grapes and for marketing. Last of July.

MOORE EARLY.—Very large, early, black, of the fine quality; a fine market grape; very healthy and prolific.

R. W. MUNSON.—Special. Medium to large bunch; berry black; does not crack; pulp tender and quality good; ripens before Concord. Should be planted near Concord or Brilliant for pollenization.

CONCORD.—The best known of all varieties of grapes; large, black; suited for table or market. Ripe in July.

NIAGARA.—Large, greenish white; semi-transparent; quality good; a seedling of Concord; successful over a wide range of territory. Midseason.

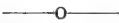
FREDONIA.—Vine vigorous, hardy, very productive, resistant to powdery mildew; canes long, numerous, thick, straight; buds open with Concord, thick; flowers fertile, with long upright stamens, leaves large, round, black, skin thick, medium in toughness, separating from the flesh; pigment red, abundant; flesh greenish white, tender, solid, mild; quality very good.

	Each	10	100	1,000
One-year-old vines	\$40	\$3.50	\$25.00	\$200.00
Two-year-old vines ..	.65	6.00	50.00	400.00

SPECIAL GRADE COMMERCIAL PLANTING
GRAPE VINES

These vines will be one and two-year-old, light to very light tops; good rooted cuttings, safe to plant into commercial vineyards, in the following varieties: Concord, Campbell Early, Moore Early, Ives, Fredonia and others.

100	500	1,000
\$15.00	\$65.00	\$120.00



SCUPPERNONG (Black Muscadine)

A true native muscadine, very hardy, vigorous growing plants, producing a heavy crop of large black-purple fruit; excellent flavor, tender and sweet; ripens September.

	Each	10
Two-year-old vines	\$1.00	\$9.00



BLACKBERRIES

EARLY HARVEST.—Very early, Fruit medium in size; juicy, tender, mild and good. It has a long fruiting season, carries well, and is especially good for canning.

McDONALD.—One of the best blackberries grown. It is really a cross between the blackberry and the dewberry, combining the firmness and quality of the blackberry with the size, earliness and productiveness of the dewberry. The berries are large, and of good quality; enormously productive, out-yielding any other known variety of blackberry. Ripens very early, two weeks before Early Harvest.

DALLAS.—A Texas berry, large, black, firm and a strong grower. Ripens in midseason.

OZARK.—This blackberry is remarkable in many ways, and is superior to any blackberry grown where it has become known. It is hardy, stands drouth, begins to bear about the same time the Early Harvest does, has a much longer bearing season; has a berry about three times as large as the Early Harvest, is almost free from seed; was formerly known as the Wilson seedless. There is absence of objectionable cone found in many blackberries, has little or no juice, the pits being filled with a thick syrup or flesh of the berry, with yields that are enormous. Wherever introduced the blackberry quickly becomes the leader. You will make no mistake in ordering Ozark Beauty.

EL DORADO.—A good grower, heavy canes more or less upright, hardy and will please you, a late variety, some of them should be in your planting.

	Each	100	1,000
One-year-old	\$.15	\$8.00	\$70.00



DEWBERRIES

AUSTIN.—Berries are much larger than those of any other dewberry or blackberry. It requires no trellis or stakes. The fruit is jet black and of very superior quality

and flavor. For productiveness it out-rivals all dew-berries.

LUCRETIA.—Fruit very large, licious and sweet; perfectly hardy; healthy, enormously productive; very prolific.

MAMMOTH.—Very large; good, productive; will grow on any soil.

	Each	100	1,000
One-year-old	\$.15	\$8.00	\$70.00
—————oOo—————			

RASPBERRIES

LATHAM.—Plants will make a good growth, multiply rapidly. Its fruit is large and showy, of a good flavor, red in color, will ship good and always commands the top price in the market. New planting show profits of several hundred dollars per acre; will do well in all parts of the country where raspberries will grow.

CHIEF.—The new Red Raspberry. Here is a wonderful Red Raspberry that is forging ahead as fast as did its illustrious ancestors, Latham, and it has just as important a place to fill for it is ten days earlier than Latham, ripening at a time when Red Raspberries bring the most on all markets.

CUMBERLAND.—The largest of all the black caps; coal black berries; very firm and the quality of the very best, excellent shipper. Bush is a strong grower. Mid-season.

KANSAS.—Very large, black; a berry of splendid quality for general use and popular on the market. In many sections it is the leading sort for extensive planting on account of its vigorous and healthy growth, and prolific bearing. Mid-season.

ST REGIS, (Red).—A variety whose ripening period covers several months. The main crop is borne in the spring and another good crop late in the summer.

	Each	100	1,000
One-year-old	\$.15	\$8.00	\$70.00
—————oOo—————			

THE YOUNGBERRY

We have grown the Youngberries over the last 20 years here in our own fields, and have found them to pay us more net money per acre, for the cost put into them, than any berries we are raising now. Once planted you have them for years.

	Each	10	50
Postpaid	\$.15	\$2.50	\$4.50
	100	500	1,000
Express Collect	\$7.00	\$30.00	\$60.00
—————oOo—————			

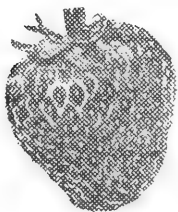
NEW BOYSENBERRY

RESERVE NOW

One of the best, said to be a cross of the Raspberry and Dewberry, ripens about one week after Youngberries begin moving. One of the best. You will like them.

No. 1 Strong Tip Rooted Boysenberry Plants:—15c each; 100, \$7.00; 1,000, \$65.00; 5 at each rate; 50 at 100 rate; 500 at 1,000 rate.

GOOD STRAWBERRY PLANTS



In making your plans for planting you will, without a doubt, be very careful to obtain the right kind of plants; for who wants to plant a field of strawberry plants, spent good money for cultivation and caring for it, unless he feels sure that the results will be satisfactory? You will find our plants to be grown, dug, packed right and will please you.

KLONDIKE.—If there is a better berry than this variety, the people have not found it out. This variety is without a doubt, more extensively planted than any other one, especially throughout the South. Plants are very hardy, and will withstand the dry, hot weather as well as any. We are in position to fill your orders, large or small, and at the same time, with good plants that will please you.

AROMA.—A very late and very popular berry in all sections. While we believe that there are some of the new varieties that are its equal, it does well both North and South.

MISSIONARY.—Fruit is medium size and very firm, resembling the Aroma in shape and color, while the berry is not as large. A good plant maker, and free from dust. Season same as Klondike.

SENATOR DUNLAP.—A favorite with most Northern growers, and is well known wherever strawberries are grown. It is a great plant maker, and for this reason should not be planted too close together, as plants will become too thick. Fruit is a bright red, good shipper, and excellent quality. Mid-season.

BLAKEMORE.—Early, acclaimed by many to be the finest strawberry ever introduced by the United States Department of Agriculture. We find them very productive, almost twice as productive as Klondike or Missionary. Very firm, will keep for days.

PROGRESSIVE EVERBEARING.—A genuine fall bearing, and one that is hard to beat. The fruit is dark red, medium size, and the flavor is unsurpassed. The runner plants often begin fruiting before the plants make any roots at all.

MASTODON EVERBEARING.—“Unlike other Everbears, the plants of the Mastodon are large, vigorous, heavily crowned, and deep rooted. This explains their ability to produce enormous loads of fine fruit. Every plant produces heavily; also the runner plants; in fact, it is a true everbearer, and the only one that will produce a paying crop of berries the same season it is planted.

	(Post Paid) (Express Collect)			
	100	250	500	1,000
Imp. Klondike	\$2.00	\$3.50	\$4.50	\$8.00
Aroma	2.00	3.50	4.50	8.00
Missionary	2.00	3.50	4.50	8.00
Blakemore	2.00	3.50	4.50	8.00
Sen. Dunlap	2.00	3.50	4.50	8.00
Progressive	3.00	5.50	10.00	15.00
Mastodon	3.00	5.50	10.00	17.50

Shade Trees

ASH, WHITE.—One of the best native trees; leaves dark green, and effective throughout our long summers. Native throughout America.

BOX ELDER.—A large, rapid-growing native tree of spreading habit, belonging to the Maple family.

ELM, AMERICA WHITE.—The broad-leaved elm; one of the best shade trees for the United States.

MAPLE, SILVER OR SOFT.—A rapid growing, beautiful tree; succeeds well in almost any soil.

SWEET GUM.—A native Southern tree that makes a quick-growing healthy tree, growing somewhat in the shape of the tulip poplar; hardy and long life tree.

POPLAR, CAROLINA.—Rapid grower. Especially adapted to the plains country.

POPLAR, LOMBARDY.—Wonderfully effective when properly placed in landscape planting. It is very rapid grower and becomes more beautiful as the tree grows older.

SYCAMORE.—An excellent avenue as well as lawn tree; endures well the dust and smoke of cities; one of the best shade trees of America.

OAK, PIN.—A graceful tree of spreading, pyramidal habit: leaves bright green above, lighter on the under side.

CHINESE ELM.—One of the most popular shade trees ever introduced, a tree that will make rapid growth, and a beautiful shade tree that will please you in every way; said to be adapted to all kinds of soil, especially to high, dry climate.

	Each	10
4-5 ft.	\$1.25	\$10.00
5-6 ft.	1.35	12.00
6-7 ft.	1.50	14.00
7-8 ft.	1.65	15.00
8-10 ft.	2.00	17.50
10-12 ft.	3.00	27.50
12-14 ft.	4.00	35.00

TEXAS UMBRELLA.—Considered a distinct species from the common China tree; originally found near the San Jacinto battlefield; distinctive umbrella shape, giving very dense shade.

WILLOW, WEEPING.—Leaves and bark both a beautiful shade of green, exceedingly graceful.

RED BUD.—Very attractive ornamental flowering tree, with heart shaped leaves and rosy-purple flowers in early spring.

	Each	10
3-4 ft.	\$1.25	\$11.00
4-5 ft.	1.50	14.00
5-6 ft.	2.00	17.50

Evergreens



Block of 2-Year Evergreens

BERKMAN GOLDEN ARBORVITAE.—Compact and bushy; rich, golden-tipped foliage. Always beautiful from the little plant until maturity. Slow growth permits many uses. Foliage flattened perpendicularly and each branch close against the others, giving an unusually beautiful appearance and making the plant very compact: You will like the Berkman Golden as a specimen or in a coniferous group. It adds quite to plantings of broad leaf plants. No pruning required.

BONITA ARBORVITAE.—A beautiful, broad, cone-shaped Arborvitae of unequaled richness in color and perfection of form. Rich green color, half globe shape. Can be planted in most prominent locations as it makes uniformly perfect growth. Slow growth makes it desirable in locations where other shrubs would overgrow. Ideal for the finest landscape plantings and most beautiful grounds. No pruning.

SPINEY CREEK JUNIPER.—One of the most popular of all semi-dwarf evergreens. Distinctive green color with dense foliage develops compact plants with no pruning.

	Each	10
12-15 inches	\$2.00	\$17.50
15-18 inches	2.25	20.00
18-24 inches	3.00	25.00
2-3 ft.	3.50	32.50

BAKER'S PYRAMID ARBORVITAE.—A fine pyramidal type which is unexcelled for its tall, columnar growth, filling a place in ornamental planting for which there has been a great need. It has all good qualities of the Oriental class, vigorous growth, intense coloring and distinctive appearance.

HILL'S PYRAMIDALS.—One of the very best of pyramidals; a good grower, adapted to all soils, and should be in every planting.

CHINESE COMPACTA ARBORVITAE.—Bushy, upright in growth, fast growing and very attractive. Branches arranged in flat vertical planes. Beautiful deep green color. Foliage very lacy.

	Each	10
15-18 inches	\$1.50	\$14.00
18-24 inches	2.50	22.00
24-30 inches	3.00	27.50
36-42 inches	4.00	35.00
42-48 inches	5.00	40.00
48-54 inches	6.00	50.00
54-60 inches	7.00	60.00

IRISH JUNIPER.—A somewhat fine leafed bluish Juniper and medium to tall size. The top is pointed and the base broader. Very ornamental in masses or as specimens.

CHINESE (J. Chinenis).—One of the most ornamental Junipers for the lawn or garden. Pyramidal or columnar outline, foliage of a pleasing grayish green color when fresh, maturing to real dark green. Adaptable to extremes of temperature and association with varying sorts.

ENGLISH JUNIPER.—When fully grown is 6 to 7 feet, color light garb green, hardy, good for planting in building job, or lawn planting; broader at base than the Irish, tapering to a point at top of plant.

SYLVESTRIS JUNIPER.—Dark green, open growth; hardy, good for lawn or house planting; when fully grown is 7 to 8 feet tall, a good plant.

ASHFORDI JUNIPER.—Upright grower, dark green, hardy; can be used in any planting; when fully grown is 6 to 7 feet tall.

	Each	10
18-24 inches	\$2.50	\$24.00
24-30 inches	3.00	27.50
36-42 inches	4.00	35.00
48-54 inches	6.00	50.00
54-60 inches	7.50	60.00

PFITZER JUNIPER.—The handsomest of the Chinese Juniper varieties, the Pfitzer is the most satisfactory of the low spreading or prostrate type Junipers that we recommend for the South. Unusually beautiful in its distinctive grayish color and irregular, flat spreading growth. For the terrace planting, prominent low groups, about foundations, and as specimens it cannot be excelled.

	Each	10
12-15 inches	\$2.00	\$17.50
15-18 inches	2.50	25.00
18-24 inches	3.00	30.00
24-30 inches	3.50	36.00
30-36 inches	4.00	37.50
36-42 inches	5.00	45.00
4-5 ft.	7.00	65.00
5-6 ft.	8.00	75.00

WE CAN FURNISH SPECIMAN PFITZER JUNIPERS IN SIZES TO 10 FEET. ASK FOR SPECIAL QUOTATIONS.

CEDRUS DEODARA.—A magnificent tree attaining a height of from 50 to 75 feet, its lower branches gracefully sweep the ground, giving the tree a stately appearance; foliage is feathery, and of a pleasing blue-green color. Succeeds admirably in this climate, and is to this section what the Koster Blue Spruce is to the North. Considered the most handsome of all growing specimen conifers. The young trees are beautiful and feathery, becoming more dignified and steady with age.

Our supply of Cedrus is very limited. Can furnish very small plants and specimen trees from 10 to 15 feet.

Write for quotations.

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Broad Leaf Evergreen Trees

The Aristocrats Of The South

MAGNOLIA GRANDIFLORA (Southern Magnolia).—This is the grandest of all our native broadleaved evergreen trees. It is a native of the middle sections of the Southern States, and succeeds best in a rich soil. Nothing more conspicuous can be seen among evergreens when its large, white flowers are fully expanded. The period of blooming begins in the middle of April and lasts until August. Hardy at Philadelphia.

CHERRY LAUREL.—One of the most beautiful broad leaf evergreens. Glistening green foliage of medium shade. Upright growth, attaining considerable height. Can be shaped to any desired form and kept at any height. We have trained some wonderful specimens adapted to prominent use in fine plantings where tall, shapely evergreens of wide or narrow cone shapes are wanted. Always beautiful.

AMERICAN HOLY, (Red Berry Type).—The old-fashioned holly that will when fully grown be 20 feet high or more, an evergreen.

	Each
18-24 inches	\$2.00
24-30 inches	2.50
30-36 inches	3.50
36-42 inches	4.50
42-48 inches	5.00
48-54 inches	6.00
54-60 inches	7.50
60-72 inches	10.00
72-84 inches	12.50

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Broad Leaf Evergreens

Broad leaf evergreens are truly the South's greatest floral treasurer. No other section of our country can enjoy the striking landscape effects which their use produces. Many varieties lend beauty both with bloom and luxuriant evergreen foliage.

EUONYMUS PATENTS (Berried Type).—A good broad leaf plant, and will not winter kill, should be in every planting. Price 18-24 inches, \$2.00 each; 24-30 inches, \$3.00 each; 30-36 inches, \$4.00 each. Balled and burlapped.

EUONYMUS JAPONICA.—Hardy ornamental plant with rich, handsome foliage; luxurious growth, naturally beautiful shape, can be made any desired form by trimming, has glistening round leaves; 18-24 inches, \$2.00 each; 24-30 inches, \$3.00 each; 30-36 inches, \$4.00 each. Balled and burlapped.

NANDINA.—The delicate foliage of the plant is a brilliant dash of gorgeous orange-red, or crimson color in the winter; it is dense and stocky in growth—dwarfish growth with many of the plants late summer and fall showing a growth of berries same color as the leaves. It will please you. Price: 15-18 inches, \$1.75 each; 18-24 inches, \$2.50 each; 24-30 inches, \$4.00 each; 30-36 inches, \$5.00 each. Balled and burlapped.

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA.—One of our most beautiful popular and satisfactory broad-leaved Evergreen. The graceful drooping stems and branches are covered with dark, glossy leaves which in winter assume a metallic green. From the middle of May until frost this plant produces an immense quantity of tubular-shaped white flowers about an inch long which are borne in clusters. During the growing season it is advisable to pinch off the ends of the long shoots. This will make the plant dense and compact. For single specimens, for groups, or for a hedge we cannot too strongly recommend this plant. 18-24 inches, \$1.50 each; 24-30 inches, \$2.00; 30-36 inches, \$2.50 each; 3-4 feet, \$3.50 each; 4-5 feet, \$4.00 each. Baled and burlapped.

GRIFFIN WAX.—Leaves very thick-waxy, the upper surface being highly gloss, of dark green color under side of a lighter shade, plant is very compact, heavily branched, ideal in form, and a good broad leaf evergreen to have in your planting you will be pleased with it, can be pruned to any shape you want. One of our most popular broad leaf evergreens. Gives satisfaction in every planting. 18-24 inches, \$2.00 each; 24-30 inches, \$3.00 each; 30-36 inches, \$4.00 each. Balled and burlapped.

JAPANESE LIGUSTRUM.—A large shrub or small tree with erect spreading branches, foliage broad, dark green, flowers creamy white fragrant in erect loose panicles in spring, followed by blue black berries in late summer, best adapted to mild climate, some time winter kill, if so, cut away top and it will come out from the roots promptly. Ideal for hedging or screening up to 10 feet. Price: 36-42 inches, \$2.50 each; 42-48 inches, \$3.00 each. Balled and burlapped.

NEW RED LEAVED JAPANESE BARBERRY.—It is similar in all respect to the green leaved Japanese Barberry which is so popular, but the foliage of this new variety is of a rich, lustrous, brandy red, similar to the richest red leaved Japanese Maples. All that is required to develop its brilliant coloring at all seasons is that it be planted in full exposure to the sun. 1-2 feet, \$1.50 each; 2-3 feet, \$2.00 each; 3-4 feet, \$3.00 each. If wanted balled and burlapped add 50c each.

BARBERRY THUNBERGI.—Neat and dense in growth. Produces yellow flowers in summer, followed by scarlet fruit, borne in dense profusion, clinging throughout most of the winter. Leaves color to scarlet and gold. Dwarf Barberry also used extensively for planting on borders in connection with other shrubs. For a hedge not over two or three feet high this makes a very desirable shrub. Bare roots. 1-2 feet, \$1.25 each; 2-3 feet, \$1.75 each; 3-4 feet, \$2.00 each. If wanted balled and burlapped add 50c each.

GARDENIA.—Why pay florist prices for these blossoms when you can easily grow your own. Plants are hardy but need some protection in extremely cold weather. Blooming size plants that will give you plenty blossoms the first year after transplanting. 15-18 inches, \$1.00 each; 18-24 inches, \$1.50 each. Extra heavy, well branched plants, 18-24 inches, \$2.50 each; 24-30 inches, \$3.50 each. Balled and burlapped.

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EVERGREEN HEDGE

AMoor RIVER PRIVET, (South).—For the South it is far superior to all other privets, as the Amoor River Privet retains its foliage throughout the entire year. It is without doubt the most popular evergreen hedge plant of the day. It is of rapid growth, adapts itself to almost any soil not to arid or extremely wet.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET.—Remarkable for the beauty of its foliage and strong, regular, symmetrical growth. The foliage is a dark green, very glossy and wax-like; hardy everywhere.

AMoor RIVER PRIVET, (North).—Foliage and growth about the same as Amoor River South but adapted to Northern climate.

	Each	50	100
1-2 ft.	\$.15	\$6.00	\$10.00
2-3 ft.20	8.00	15.00
3-4 ft.25	10.00	18.50

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Ornamental Shrubs

ALTHEA OR ROSE OF SHARON.—One of the hardiest shrubs grown; there is no plant that will give better results as single specimens or groupings; plants bloom from early summer to autumn; red, pink, white and purple.

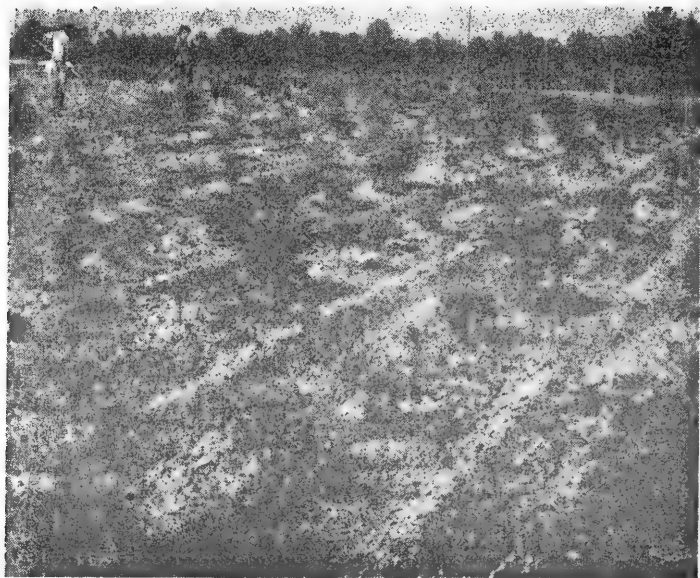
WEIGLIA.—Elegant, with fine rose-colored flowers, hardy, and bloom when quite small. One of the most popular and satisfactory shrubs.

BUDDLEIA VARIABLES.—A shrub not so well known but withstands the heat and drouth of summer remarkably well. A strong grower, often attaining a height of six to eight feet. Foliage dark green and very heavy. Throughout the entire summer flowers of violet-purple with orange throat; very fragrant, are borne in long plums.

LILAC.—One of the oldest yet most popular of shrubs; in fragrance and beauty this is unsurpassed and is very hardy; white; purple and other shades; blooms April and May.

CRAB, BECHTEL'S FLOWERING.—Flowers large and of a beautiful shade of pink; of more dwarf growth than some of the other varieties of the Flowering Crab.

HONEYSUCKLE.—One of the best species, 8 to 10 feet tall. Its fine pink flowers in late spring contrast beautifully with its bright green foliage, but its chief



2-Year Nandina

charm is its wreath of orange or red berries, which literally cover the plant in summer and autumn, and makes a most glorious show. Colors: red, pink, and white.

DEUTZIA.—An upright, thrifty shrub, with a profusion of delicate, beautiful white and pink flowers in spring.

SPIREA, VAN HOUTTEI.—The well-known bridal wreath, widely grown favorite with dense foliage. Flowers cover entire plant, making long gracefully curving branches of snow-white blossoms. Blooms in early spring, prolonged season. Leaves persistent in fall; a desirable feature. The finest of Spireas and the standby for planting of flowering shrubs. Good among evergreen for contrast. Fill low places admirably and make excellent borders of informal hedges. Beautiful for garden specimens in large clumps.

SPIREA, BALARDI.—One of the best pink flowering shrubs; bushy, profuse blooming plant; color beautiful rose shade.

SPIREA, PINK MEADOW.—A beautiful shrub that will make a good growth and will please you.

SPIREA, THUNBERGII.—A good early blooming plant; the first of the Spirea family to bloom has a pretty white bloom some ten days before Van Houttei.

PRIDE OF ROCHESTER.—Double flowers; white tinged with pink.

GOLDEN BELL.—A good plant; one of the first plants to bloom; yellow; should be planted in every collection.

JAPAN QUINCE.—A pretty shrub; healthy and easy to grow; early summer bloomer; nice to have in your collection.

DOGWOOD.—Shrub or small tree with spreading branches, white flowers.

DOGWOOD, RED.—Red bark, white flowers, splendid for planting near lakes and streams.

CALYCANTHUS. Low-growing shrubs with very sweet scented flowers; sometimes called "the Sweet Shrub." Must be planted in partial shade as it cannot stand the hot dry summers of the Southwest without special care.

CREPE MYRTLE.—The most gorgeous of all blooming shrubs for the Southwest. Blooms throughout the entire summer; withstands drouth wonderfully. Crepe Myrtle is very effective for hedges and is at its best when pruned every winter and not allowed to grow in tree form. We can furnish Pink, Red, and Purple.

	Each	10
18-24 inches	\$.75	\$ 6.00
2-3 ft.	1.00	8.00
3-4 ft.	1.50	12.50
4-5 ft.	2.00	17.50

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Roses

Beyond question the rose is the most beautiful and satisfactory of all flowers. In the South we are particularly fortunate in being able to grow outside many

varieties not hardy enough to withstand the rigid northern winters.

We believe that we know Roses, know those varieties best adapted to Southern culture and conditions. We grow annually great quantities of Roses with the assurance that each and every one of them is the best of its class and color and will please you.



ETOILE DE FRANCE.—A brilliant shade of clear red; large flowers on long stiff stems.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA.—Ivory white; large, superb; double; probably the very best white Rose grown.

ETOILE DE LYON.—Golden yellow; very sweet scented and sometimes called bush Marechal Neil.

PINK RADIANCE.—Brilliant, rose pink; large full flowers, very fragrant; an excellent rose.

RED RADIANCE.—One of the best, hardiest, red roses. Flowers in bud and full bloom are perfect. Bright, rich red color.

LUXEMBURG.—Golden yellow; thrifty grower.

ETOILE De HOLLAND.—Bright dark red. Highly perfumed, and can be classed as one of our best dark red roses. Strong grower and a profuse bloomer.

BETTY UPRICHARD.—Salmon flower tinged orange. Outside copper with orange suffusion. Remarkably attractive. A large, open long-lasting and very fragrant flower.

WHITE KILLARNEY.—A pure white sport of the famous Killarney. The long buds and large open flowers surpass in beauty and size even its parent. This is one of the six best sellers.

PAUL NEYRON.—This magnificent rose is by far the largest variety in cultivation; very double and full; of a beautiful deep rose color and delightfully fragrant; borne upon vigorous, upright shoots in great abundance throughout the entire season.

FRAU KARL DUSCHKI.—One of the purest white roses known and sometimes known as Snow Queen. Very large blooms with immense petals of splendid substance. Splendid foliage and blooms on good, strong, stiff stems. Upright, strong.

COLUMBIA.—Large size, very fragrant. Color, clear imperial pink, deepening as it opens to glowing pink.

SUNBURST.—Orange-copper, or golden orange and golden yellow—all intense shades giving an extremely brilliant effect; long pointed buds on long stems, with splendid keeping qualities as a cut flower; also fine for bedding.

LADY HILLINGTON.—A splendid new yellow variety, one of the most prolific cut flowers. Color deep apricot yellow, varying to orange.

LA FRANCE.—The oldest Hybrid Tea, with lovely, double, pale pink blooms, more deliciously scented than any other. It is still desired by many who remember its unsurpassed fragrance.

TALISMAN.—This vividly colored rose is receiving much publicity and it actually does merit all of the fine things that are claimed for it. The coloring is truly marvelous, being a mixture of orange and yellow in irregular proportions, varying so much that no two flowers are alike. Fairly double, borne on long stems; exceedingly sweet scented. When you have once seen a perfect bud of Talisman, you cannot rest until you have it in your garden.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER.—The latest of the new multi-colored roses, combining many shades of cerise-pink, flame scarlet, and yellow; the long buds being beautifully formed, opening slowly, and possessing a delicious fragrance. It is certainly quite different from ordinary rose varieties and we have been much impressed with its brightly colored flowers.

Two-year-old field grown bushes:

Each, 75c	10, \$7.00	100, \$60.00
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CLIMBING ROSES

CRIMSON RAMBLER.—The original of the group; dwarf, bushy, profusely blooming; its compact clusters of bright crimson; flowers continuously.

CLIMBING KAISERINA.—Elegant, pure white, robust vine.

ETOILE DE LYON.—Yellow.

RADIANCE.—Pink.

RADIANCE.—Red.

All our rose bushes will be field grown, two-year-old plants that will please you.

Each, 85c	10, \$8.00	100, \$70.00
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**TREATMENT OF TREES, ETC., THAT HAVE BEEN
FROZEN IN THE PACKAGE OR RECEIVED
DURING FROSTY WEATHER**

Put them unopen in a cellar or some other cool, protected place, free from frost, or cover them up heavily or entirely with earth until they are fully thawed out, then they can be unpacked and planted or placed in trenches until convenient to plant. Treated in this way they will not be injured by the freezing.

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SUITABLE DISTANCE FOR PLANTING

	Feet		Feet
Apples, Standard	20 to 40	Grapes	6 by 8
Pears, Standard	18 to 20	Currants	3 by 4
Apples, Dwarf	6 to 8	Gooseberries	3 by 5
Pears, Dwarf	10 to 12	Raspberries, Red	3 by 6
Peaches	18 to 20	Raspberries, Bl.	4 by 6
Nectarines&Ap'cots	18 to 20	Blackberries	3 by 8
Cherries, Sweet	18 to 20	Str'berries in row	1 by 4
Cherries, Sour	18 to 20	Str'berries in beds	1½ by 1½
Plums	18 to 20	Aspa'gus in beds	1 by 1½
Quinces	8 to 10	Aspa'gus in fields	1 by 3

**NUMBER OF TREES AND PLANTS ON AN ACRE
AT VARIOUS DISTANCES**

1 x 1 ft.	43,560	5 x 5 ft.	1,742
2 x 1 ft.	21,780	6 x 6 ft.	1,210
2 x 2 ft.	10,890	8 x 8 ft.	680
3 x 1 ft.	14,520	10 x 10 ft.	435
3 x 2 ft.	7,260	12 x 12 ft.	302
3 x 3 ft.	4,840	15 x 15 ft.	193
4 x 1 ft.	10,890	16 x 16 ft.	170
4 x 2 ft.	5,445	18 x 18 ft.	134
4 x 3 ft.	3,630	20 x 20 ft.	108
4 x 4 ft.	2,722	25 x 25 ft.	69
5 x 2 ft.	4,356	30 x 30 ft.	48
5 x 3 ft.	2,178	33 x 20 ft.	60

The number of plants required for an acre, at any given distance apart may be ascertained by dividing the number of square feet in an acre (43,560) by the number of square feet given to each plant, which is obtained by multiplying the distance between the rows by the distance between the plants. Thus, strawberries planted 3 feet by 1 foot gives each plant 3 square feet, or 14,520 plants to the acre.

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SALESMEN WANTED

We need good men to work part time, if only to cover your local neighborhood, you can do this in your spare time, the work will pay you well for the time put into it, or better, if you will devote all of your time to it, we will pay you a commission, or better give a net dealer contract, in this we will give you wholesale prices, on the goods you will sell, pack your orders, as you sell them, deliver to our express or freight office, and for your commission or profit, in the deal you will add to the net costs in the same way as your merchant will do on the goods you buy from him. This is, we believe, the most satisfactory way to work, as you will be your own boss. As to the prices you will sell to your trade for, in only a short time be able to build up a trade that will buy from you each season, and give a salesman work to do over the entire year, and good men will net, when all of their time is given to the work, from \$100.00 to \$300.00 per month and better for twelve months in each year. The work will be pleasant, profitable and easy. Write for full particulars

**OVER 200 ACRES DEVOTED TO THE
GROWING OF FIELD GROWN
TREES AND PLANTS THAT
WILL PLEASE YOU**

P E A C H T R E E S

ONE-Year Old June Buds (Whole Roots)

	Per 100	Per 1,000
About 1 foot high	\$10.00	\$100.00
12-18 inches	18.00	170.00
18-24 inches	22.50	200.00
2-3 ft.	32.50	300.00
3-4 ft.	40.00	350.00

A P P L E T R E E S

**Buy Your Apple Trees Now, While You Can Get
Them at the Very Low Prices Below**

ONE-YEAR-OLD, WHIPS ONLY

	50	100
18-24 inches	\$ 9.00	\$15.00
2-3 ft.	15.00	25.00
3-4 ft.	22.50	40.00
4-5 ft.	30.00	50.00



2-YEAR EVERGREENS REA